

Louisville Evening Express.

OLD SERIES—VOL. XXV.

LOUISVILLE, FRIDAY EVENING, AUGUST 20, 1869.

NEW SERIES—VOL. I, NO. 105

THE CITY.

MONDAY'S EXPRESS.

One of the best mediums of advertising in Louisville is the Daily Express on Monday morning. Advertisers should make a note of this, and hand in their favors in good time.

A Negro Forger Arrested.

A Memphis special of yesterday says: The negro route mail agent, Hopkins, recently appointed by the President, was arrested at Jackson, Tennessee, yesterday, and brought here on a judgment for forgery.

Discharged.

H. Nunemaker, a brewer, and C. Steinfeld, a tailor, were before Commissioner Ballard this morning charged with not paying the tax on their callings. It appearing on investigation, that their income was below the limit fixed by the law, they were discharged.

In the City.

The Southern Base Ball Club, of New Orleans, just from St. Louis, having beaten three clubs at that city, are stopping at the Louisville Hotel. They will play the Kentucky Club this afternoon and the Eagles to-morrow evening. They will then leave for home Sunday afternoon at 5 o'clock.

Postal Route Agents in Kentucky.

Postmaster-General Creswell has appointed the following postal route agents in this State: Ellis Rees and John H. Martin on the route between Louisville and Covington. Mr. Martin was transferred from the old route between Louisville and Cincinnati to the new short-line route.

Enter's Hotel and Restaurant.

"Xino host" of Enter's has prepared for the fall campaign, and his hotel is now in order for the reception of guests—the nicest, cosiest place in the city. Charles's restaurant is the leading establishment in the West, and deserves its high reputation and large patronage. Of him it may be said, "Custom does not state his favorite variety."

Woodland Garden.

This favorite place of resort is even more popular than last season. Since has conducted its affairs. Every Sunday morning and evening there is splendid music from Haupt's fine band, together with lagers, pure, cold and delicious to the taste. Woodland Garden is crowded every Sunday, and the utmost decorum is always preserved.

Supposed Frauds.

Supervisors of Internal Revenue, Young of this district, and Williams of Indiana, are now in the city, examining into circumstances which they expect will reveal a system of frauds as now carried on in Indianapolis, perhaps in connection with parties in this city, in tobacco, and it may be proven also in whisky. The result of their labors will be known in due time.

Out of Order.

We have been requested to call the attention of the pump inspector to the following pumps requiring his care: One at the corner of Tenth and Market; one at Tenth and Magazine; and another at Commercial and Water streets, Portland. The latter has been out of order three or four days, and the citizens are suffering in consequence.

Case of Sunstroke.

About 9 or 10 o'clock this morning, a German whose name we did not learn, but who was employed in the cooper-shop near the Louisville Garden, while crossing on the canal bridge, fell suddenly to the floor, and was picked up to all appearances dead. Restoratives were used, and at 11 o'clock he had recovered consciousness, with some hope of saving his life.

Liederkrantz Concert.

It should not be forgotten that the Liederkrantz concert is announced for Wednesday evening next, the 25th, at Woodland Garden. It will be a delightful entertainment, for the music will be of the finest character. The garden will be crowded on the occasion, but not too much so for enjoyment. The music will commence precisely at eight o'clock. Tickets may be had at D. P. Faulds' music store, and at the bookstores of Dale Helms and H. Knoefel.

Suicide of a Young Lady.

Miss Anna Morris, a young lady of Evansville, Ind., committed suicide on Wednesday last, under singular circumstances. She was arraigned before the Recorder on a charge of having committed an assault upon a Mrs. Nicholas, who, she declared, had eluded her. She was fined \$20, and was about to leave the court room, when she fainted and was caught in the arms of the Chief of Police. On the arrival of a physician, it was found that she had taken a fatal dose of morphine.

Restored to its Grandparents.

Sometime last March a *halacca capus* case was decided in Pittsburgh, before Judge Kirkpatrick, in reference to a little child of Mr. W. H. H. Whiting, of this city. This child had been left with Mr. James Dignam, who had given it to guardians of the poor, that it might be indentured to him, as his family were desirous of adopting it. Under action of the court the custody was given to Mr. Whiting's mother, who returned to this city, bringing the child with her. Mr. Whiting's father-in-law, who now lives in Columbus, Ind., has received the child again from its father, the latter stating that he labored under some misapprehension at the time he granted power of attorney, under which the child was brought to this city. He was willing his wife's parents should have their daughter's child.

For the Evening Express.

A Union Depot.

I consider it a matter of the greatest importance that all railroads concentrating at Louisville should enter one grand union depot. That example has been set by some of the most rapidly growing commercial cities in the Northwest, and has been found to work well. Among the many reasons for it are these: The saving of money and time to passengers by prompt and ready exchange from one train to another, thereby avoiding the long and tedious drives in a pent-up omnibus from one depot to another. Also the traveler losing sight of his baggage is sometimes a source of much annoyance. If the way is made plain and easy for strangers to pass through our city, this will become the favorite line of travel, and Louisville will be an important point on the great highway between the North and the South, the East and the West. They, after our important and superior advantages as a commercial and manufacturing city be fully known, trade will flow in without much effort.

But in regard to the Union railroad depot, the above reasons apply with greater force to the reshaping of freight, and the importance to the city's interest, on account of the enormous wear and tear of our streets by long and heavy hauling over them, which, in a few years, costs the city as much for repairs as a railroad depot is worth. I am decidedly in favor of the city giving to the railroad companies the ground for a grand union depot, to be located as near as possible to the heavy business of the city, and we will soon see its value in the repairs of streets; also avoid much injury and annoyance to private residences by the continual clatter of drays, wagons, &c., running between the river and the other railroad depots.

We copy the communication above because it embodies the correct ideas, and they are: First, economy in money; second, economy in time, third, overwhelming advantage in convenience to trade and travel; fourth, the greater freedom from annoyance to the city and the public.

The money economy we consider principally in its application to the finances of the city as a corporation. To go into all the details of the matter in this special view, would require more space than we can spare just now, and an examination into facts which are not at hand at this writing. But the results of experience can be given in bulk. Citizens of Louisville and members of the Council do not need to be reminded as to the condition of affairs in this city during the war. All will remember the amount of government transportation through the streets for two or three years, because there was no other business done by the teamsters, or so little as to be unworthy of notice. The wear and tear of the streets over which this transportation passed was, by competent judges, estimated to be not less than half a million dollars in less than three years. True, the government business has ceased, but legitimate trade has built up a street transfer that already nearly equals it, and promises in the near future to far exceed it. Members of the Council need not be told of the tremendous amounts required every year to keep the streets in anything like decent repair. About one hundred thousand dollars was required in 1868, and the increase is about twenty per cent. per annum on that amount. Were it possible by any means in the power of the Council to save one-half this sum, see what the total would be in ten years. Fifty thousand dollars the first year and ninety-five thousand dollars the tenth year gives a total of seven hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars in ten years, besides interest. Carry the calculation ten years further and the saving would equal one million nine hundred and fifty thousand dollars; and all this in the short space of twenty years, about the usual time of the shortest bonds. The city could afford to give away half a million with interest at six per cent, for the whole twenty years, and then would have saved at least eight hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the increasing saving of money to the city treasury is a small item in the calculation.

Take the economy in time, gained by having one union depot for all roads entering the city, and let that depot be located near the river, if not fronting on it—say in the vicinity of First or Brook streets, so as not to require too heavy charges for purchase of site and at the same time be above high-water mark, and the saving in time for trade and travel would in five years build up a prosperity in the city, which of itself, could not fail in legitimate taxes, to return to the city treasury a greater sum than would be saved from repairing streets. A location nearer Fourth or Fifth streets might be more convenient to business localities, provided such location would leave sufficient wharf room for river business. For that matter, we believe it is capable of demonstration, that the city would be the gainer if it were to condemn and purchase all the property on Water street from First to Ninth as far south as the line of Washington street, and make a high-water wharf the full distance.

It was, by many, anticipated that the Council, at its session last night, would take up this question of location, and determine on the route by which the two railroad companies might connect; but the matter has been postponed to the evening of Monday, August 30th. By that time, it is sincerely to be hoped the Council will be able to arrive at a just and advantageous settlement of the question.

At a hasty glance, it would appear no matter of economy to go so largely into money expenditures. Were the expenditure that required to be continued year after year, or decade after decade, it is doubtful if the results would justify; but such an arrangement would be for all time. Inside of ten years the increased legitimate taxation resulting therefrom would be sufficient, added to the saving

from repairs of streets to repay the city's outlay with interest, even should that outlay be a full million instead of half a million.

A union depot could be built at Fourteenth and Main, but it would not be convenient to river trade, and it would require as heavy an outlay for condemned ground and damages as if located on the river front. Much more could be said, and profitably, on the various points presenting themselves, but we reserve further remarks to a future occasion.

Evacuation by Moonlight.

Among all the moving incidents by flood and field, on land or water, or in air, perhaps one of the most novel occurred last night. The moon rode high in the mid-heaven, gazing earthward with unclouded eye; and the silence of the tomb, almost, brooded over the corner of Ninth and Jefferson streets. The hour was one of the little ones, when all the city was in bed, trying in vain to get a breath of sultry air—or sweltering within the compass of a mosquito net. Just at this solemn moment, the family occupying a boarding-house thereabouts were taken with a sudden inspiration. Whether this came from above, below, or within, dependent hath not said, and imagination cannot tell. Certain it is, that from the moment the inspiration seized them but very few minutes elapsed ere the house was deserted by human being, stripped of all its furnishings, and left alone to stand the ravages of all the quadrupeds and polypeds, whose movements could not enable them to keep pace with the bipeds. We said all alone—twas a mistake: one solitary human slumbered on in his own couch, unconscious of the ruin in progress so near to him; and why was he left to his fate? Alas, that such a story must be told. He was one of that forlorn race, ye "old bachelors," whose sympathies had never been trained to run with eager haste and meet the toddling, prattling two-year old half-way—one of those who think it best to plod alone through life, unloving and unloved; and so, he wandered in dreamland, unconscious of his mundane existence and surroundings, till the gray dawn of another day added its weight of time and care and lost opportunities to the load he already bore.

ASSESSOR NEEDHAM.

Will He Be Kicked Out?

There are such things, we are told, as "counting chickens before they are hatched," and this possibly may receive a new illustration in the case of Assessor Needham. A week or two ago we were informed by a somewhat pretentious telegram from Washington that Grant intended to turn out all office-holders who had been in more than one term; and that Assessor Needham had been required to vacate in accordance therewith. It created a sensation, for time after time and year after year there had been attempts made to remove the obnoxious Assessor, and all in vain. But apparently it was left to Buckley, backed by the Army of the Republic, to accomplish the difficult task. But Needham is not out, and Buckley has no commission. Undoubtedly there is a serf-wool—something not work—and there are rumors that it won't work after all. We are now told that the story about Grant's intentions is all "bosh," and that it was a mere pretext and a wretched one at that to get out the Assessor. In fact, we have reason to believe that the Assessor's working like a beaver to keep his place, and parties who had signed a general endorsement of Buckley protest against its use for this specific purpose, as they prefer Needham to all others. So it may turn out that it will be a grand fizzle, and that the afore-said Grand Army of the Republic hasn't much influence after all.

We know that the wishes of our business men are not consulted, for if they were Assessor Needham would be retired at once; but, unfortunately, they are ignored for a set of corrupt politicians. Further developments are expected shortly.

LOUISVILLE NO NICCARD.

Corporations have Souls.

We are exceedingly gratified in being able to announce the following facts, which we learn from the Elizabethtown (Ky.) paper: Col. Sam. B. Thomas, one of the men of this nation, was the principal, if not only instrument in effecting the transaction, and all other men will accord him that esteem which he merits. Our readers will remember that Elizabethtown was lately almost impoverished by a disastrous fire, which swept away a great part of the town. On the representations of Col. Thomas, a loan of thirty thousand dollars, to run several years, was offered to the people of Elizabethtown by the banks of this city, to wit: Bank of Kentucky, Bank of Louisville, Bank of Kentucky, Western Financial Corporation, Commercial Bank, Citizens' Bank, Falls City Tobacco Bank, Northern Bank, and Merchants Bank. Nor is that all. The Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company have proffered the free use of their road to all the sufferers by the late fire, in transporting the necessary building material, and Smead & Co., of the Market-street Agricultural Foundry, with that liberality so characteristic, have offered to furnish, at about cost, any number of iron fronts for those who design building. Nor is that all; proprietors of various planing mills have agreed to furnish lumber at greatly reduced prices. All honor to these truly noble spirits.

Southern Travel.

The travel from the South continues to be quite heavy, notwithstanding the lateness of the season. The New Orleans express train over the Nashville Railroad brought up last night forty-eight passengers. Of these, twenty pushed on East by the Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington Railroad.

All the way from Bombay.

Mr. D. P. Cama and wife were at the Galt House this morning, on their way to San Francisco, for which city they leave this evening via Chicago. They have been on a visit to the Mammoth Cave. Mr. Cama is a genuine East Indian, having left Bombay, India, on a journey round the world, and is this far on his way.

Caught at Last.

Some four weeks ago a gentleman from Virginia, stopping at a boarding-house on Walnut street, had a considerable portion of his wardrobe stolen from him. Officer Becker succeeded this morning in arresting the thief, the matter being traced home to him by developing circumstances. The coat was found on the arm of a man yesterday, who had bought it from a clothes man on Preston street, to whom it appears Samuel Frazier, the party arrested, had sold it.

GRAND MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT.

The Queen Sisters.

The musical entertainment of the Queen Sisters at Weisiger Hall was a treat to music-loving people. It embraced classical, lullaby and comic songs, all of which were most pleasingly rendered, and nearly all of them were encored. The young ladies have fine voices, and youth, grace and beauty. Their character representations were specially applauded by the audience, and were really capital. They appear again to-night with a new programme, which includes a number of operatic songs, ballads, duets, &c., and a trio burlesque from Ixion. Mr. Henry Farmer, the wonderful flutist, will also give his remarkable variations on the flute, which are almost incomparable.

A Court-Martial.

A court-martial has been in progress here for three days, and several cases of non-commissioned officers and privates have been disposed of. The following are the members of the court, viz: Colonel Woodward, President; Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Trotter, Brevet Major Frederick, First Lieutenant J. E. Quentin, Second Lieutenant S. J. Gurney, Captain F. R. Hamilton, Judge Advocate. In the case of Corporal Fink, charged with "drunkenness while on duty," the delinquent plead "guilty." The court yesterday had under consideration the case of M. P. Floyd, who deserted his post while acting as sentinel, stole his captain's horse and absconded with his own gun and accoutrements. The proof was positive. The findings of the court will not be promulgated for some days. There are four or five more cases to be acted on.

Extensive Operations Spoiled.

Last night Officer J. M. Booker was the means of bringing to grief an operator on bank vaults, before he had time to accomplish any of his designs. Booker has been keeping his eyes open, watching the fellow's movements, and pounced down upon him last evening, just in time to frustrate all his nicely-laid plans. James Perry, well-known in St. Louis, and coming here from that city, had his arrangements all made, his confederates properly placed and the whole train of operations in fine condition. He was to have robbed a safe last night in this city; to-night a safe was to suffer in Frankfort; to-morrow night one in Lexington; then one in Cincinnati, and then another in Cleveland. He is believed to be a fugitive from justice, and the following description is given of him: Height, about 5 feet 7 inches; weight, about 160 pounds; complexion, dark, with very black hair and a heavy mustache.

SPEED'S POSITION IMPREGNABLE.

The P. O. a Life Office.

There are weeping and wailing and gnashing of teeth among the applicants for the postoffice. It turns out that Grant had no idea of applying the "rotary" principle to officials—in fact, as we suspected, that he had no idea at all. So the fellows that posted off frantically to Washington to oust Dr. Speed, have journeyed thither for nothing. But, in addition to this, when the question was sprung, the friends of Dr. Speed, who number the most powerful in the land, were on hand, ready to check any play of his adversaries, and to make "assurance doubly sure," posted Grant thoroughly as to the designs of his enemies. The result was that the fellows pledged themselves in the interest of the Doctor. We are justified, therefore, in assuming that his position is impregnable. We are privately advised of the powerful influences which the postmaster can command, and to save trouble and expense to the radicals, who hunger after his place, we now give notice that nothing but death or a Democratic President can remove him.

We admit when the alarm was first sounded by the G. A. R. we thought Speed was overboard, and our party for the Volksblatt editor blinded our judgment. We see our errors and confess them. The G. A. R. sound Chicago songs only, "full of fuss and fury, signifying nothing." And as for Krippanapale, it would be a pity to spoil a good editor by making a poor postmaster of him. We backed him, but we throw up the sponge. Speed is the champion postmaster of the United States. He has now the belt.

Another Hot Day.

To-day has thus far been fully the equal of yesterday, with perhaps a little more life in the air. At two o'clock the mercury stood at ninety-four in the shade.

Monthly Bank Returns for July.

The banks and banking houses of this city have made their returns for July to Assessor Needham, and these returns show the following figures, to-wit:

Name of Bank.	Capital.	Deposits.	Pay.
German Security Bank	\$125,000	\$18,410	\$128,290
Bank of Louisville	62,500	24,700	87,200
Citizens Bank	25,000	46,614	71,614
Commercial Bank	50,000	12,555	62,555
Franklin Bank	50,000	30,000	80,000
Louisville Ins. & Bank Co.	47,500	20,195	67,695
Muscle Shoals Bank	100,000	10,000	110,000
Mechanics Bank	100,000	10,000	110,000
Western Bank	100,000	10,000	110,000
W. N. Warren & Co.	40,000	32,381	72,381
Western Bank	100,000	10,000	110,000
West. Ins. & Bk. Co.	22,643	22,703	45,346
Bank of Kentucky	50,000	20,195	70,195
German Ins. Co. Bank	50,000	21,855	71,855
People's Bank of Kentucky	5,000	35,749	40,749
Bank of Louisville	62,500	24,700	87,200
Commercial Bank	50,000	12,555	62,555
Franklin Bank	50,000	30,000	80,000
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DAILY EXPRESS.

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LOUISVILLE.
FRIDAY, AUGUST 20, 1909.

Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe.

The Cincinnati Gazette, as a matter of course, defends Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe against the very just censure of the press which she has provoked by her more than unwomanly—her most monstrous outrage upon the character and memory of the late Mrs. Leigh, the sister of Lord Byron. We say as a matter of course, because Mrs. Stowe has been the pet darling of abolitionism ever since her first assault upon the people and institutions of the South, through her "Uncle Tom's Cabin," nearly twenty years ago, and as a champion of the same cause in the advocacy of which Mrs. Stowe first rendered herself notorious, the Gazette feels in duty bound to defend her, right or wrong, through thick and thin. If Mrs. Stowe were the woman she ought to be—such a woman as every true man would have his wife or sister to be—there would be a touch of the chivalrous in the promptness with which the Gazette rushes to her defense. But since, for a trifling pecuniary consideration, she has lent herself to the miserable task of damning one of her own sex to everlasting infamy, the Gazette, in bringing a lance to her defense, is not more knightly than the drunken bully who wields his dagger or brass-knuckles to avenge an imputation upon the character of a "soiled dove."

The Gazette copies an extract from an article which appeared in this journal a few days ago, on the subject of Mrs. Stowe's sensation—"the greatest literary sensation of this generation," says the Gazette—and characterizes it, in so many words, as a Southern view of the question; as if different degrees of latitude or of longitude gave, or could give, different phases to such questions. Of the conduct of Mrs. Stowe in this matter there can be but two views, and neither of them is geographical. The question is one merely of right or wrong—of morality or immorality—not of geography. It is a question which the virtuous and the good of the North and of the South, and of the East and of the West, must view from the same standpoint, and which all must alike condemn. There is nothing in the slightest degree sectional in its character. The North, from its carefully cultivated sympathy with the social and political views of Mrs. Stowe, may be more inclined than the South to give her credit for truth and sincerity and honesty of purpose in this wretched business; but in this respect alone can the two sections differ in their estimates of an act which all right-minded men and women everywhere must always regard as a dirty trick of Yankee financiering, to say the least of it.

As we said the other day, nobody pretends to defend the character of Lord Byron. Nobody wishes to see it defended. He himself deemed it scarcely capable of any defense. It has not been seriously damaged by Mrs. Stowe. It had already been so riddled by the shafts of both friend and foe that there was little or nothing of it left to riddle. Of all the crimes of which man may be guilty, there were but two, we may almost say, which had not been imputed to him—that with which Mrs. Stowe has now charged him, and the cold blooded murder of his own grand-mother. For a hundred or two of dollars, in a greatly depreciated currency Mrs. Stowe has striven to prove him guilty of the one, and there can be no doubt that, for a like consideration, or even for less, if necessary, she would strive quite as zealously to prove him guilty of the other.

We could find it in our hearts to forgive Mrs. Stowe for this wholly uncalculated attack upon the already broken and shattered character of the great poet, if she could have found it in her own heart to spare the hisler or automatized reputation of his sister, whose devotion to her erring brother was so beautiful and true and steadfast. But of course Mrs. Stowe could not do this. The publishers of the Atlantic Monthly had no money to pay for assurance upon a cinchel whose famished garb had long since surrendered at discretion. They wanted a "sensation" that would make their periodical sell, and they little cared whose character suffered in consequence of its publication. If the story furnished them had involved the character of Mrs. Martha Washington instead of that of Mrs. Augusta Leigh, it would have been all the same to them. The only question with them was that of money. With Mrs. Stowe, however, there was something more. There was the question of newspaper notoriety at home and abroad, in addition to that of money. She has obtained both. But she has obtained that at a cost from which every true woman would shrink as from an evil far worse than death.

It is not improbable that this woman contrived to obtain an interview with Lady Byron at the time named—for the ingenuity of the Yankee is not wholly expended in the manufacture of wooden hams and the invention of patent rat-traps—and it is possible that Lady Byron, in whose closest memory of her strange separation from her husband had been a skeleton for forty years, may have hinted something of this monstrous story, believing, too, under the influence of a delicate fancy diseased from a constant dwelling upon a subject who so darkly colored her whole

existence, that the story was true; the nurse whom Byron characterized as "The Heate of domestic bells," may indeed have poisoned her mind by "the base mendacity of hints"—this very story may have been poured into her ear—and she may have believed it to be true; but that Mrs. Stowe, who must have known something of the character of Mrs. Leigh, should have accepted as a reality the worse than idle romance of a mind shattered and distorted by the action of a dark, specter-haunted dream of half a century, is almost beyond belief. That she, a woman and a mother—with much pity for her unhappy children we take it for granted she is a mother—should, at this late day, have repeated with withered lips that could baffle of nothing but the one recollection of a life—that she should have done this at so fearful a sacrifice of womanly delicacy, and for a trifling consideration in dollars and cents, would be wholly beyond belief if we did not know with what a resistless eloquence the clink of gold appeals to the hearts of the race she represents.

The experience of more than one American periodical has demonstrated that there is nothing in literature so marketable now as what is called the "sensational." And in order to put itself upon an equal footing in popular favor with magazines that have grown rich by such disreputable publications, the Atlantic Monthly demanded a "sensation" of its contributors. The work was not suited to the tastes of Whittier, of Holmes, of Curtis, nor of Lowell; but Mrs. Stowe, tempted by the reward which infamy often wins while virtue enjoys only that which lies within itself, readily came forward with this satanic romance of Byron and Mrs. Leigh, believing, perhaps, in the stupidity of her avowed and ignoble thirst for newspaper notoriety, that the startling character of the revelations she makes would blind the world to the blackness of her deed of shame.

It is hard to write thus of a woman. But when that woman so far forgets herself as to descend into the grave—that of itself refuge wherein the faults and frailties of humanity have always claimed a just exemption from molestation—and drag forth the character of one of her own sex, long dead and ever before unslandered, and hold it up, blighted and blackened by her touch, to the gaze of the world, she places herself beyond the pale of public mercy, and he is a traitor to his mother and his wife and his sister, who defends, or justifies, or even palliates, her crime.

Poor Mrs. Leigh. Hers was indeed a most unhappy lot. She had the misfortune not only to be born out of wedlock, and to be the sister of a very bad man, but she had the still greater misfortune to live and die before the Atlantic Monthly and Harriet Beecher Stowe.

People in Greenland, says the Boston Post, go to church every Sunday. An Esquimaux plays the organ, while the congregation intone out some such hymn as the following:

"Sesbarmetia tanko osantagit
Sesbarmetia tanko osantagit, etc., etc."
On a summer morning when it is in season, there issues through the cracks in the church door an unmistakable order of ancient seal.

Since Mrs. Stowe has so successfully settled the Byron business, we would suggest that she now attempt, in an Atlantic Monthly essay, to prove that Henry Ward Beecher never said "d—n it." He denies that he ever said it. Possibly he never did. If he didn't say it when he read his sister's article on Byron, there is no probability that he ever will.

THERE is a Congressional committee on retrenchment now en route for California in a Woodward palace car. They are accompanied by thirty invited guests. This is a model mode of inaugurating economy. Unless there is a "big steal" going on near the Pacific, it will cost more to stop the leak than let it run.

AN INTERESTING CASE.
A Farmer Charged with Sowing Canada Thistles Upon Leased Land.
From the Milwaukee Sentinel, Aug. 17.
The usually quiet and orderly town of Wauwatosa is at present stirred to its center by an interesting lawsuit between two neighboring farmers. It appears that one of the parties, named Charles Hummel, had leased a portion of his land to a man named Charles Last for a term of three years. After a time differences arose between them, paying the way to the present suit.

About a month ago Hummel called at the office of Edward M. Hunter, Esq., Court Commissioner, and entered a complaint against Last, charging him with having willfully and maliciously sown a bushel of Canada thistles upon the leased land, upon fifteen acres of his land, and claiming damages to the amount of \$5,000. The plaintiff, in support of this charge, filed the affidavit of a man named Schaefer, who swears that he informed Last of the presence of the thistle seed in the barley sown upon the fifteen-acre tract, and that the defendant answered that it was all right, since he had made up his mind to leave the premises at the close of the season, after which Hummel might amuse himself with the task of rooting them out.

Commissioner Hunter, upon the presentation of the charge and affidavit, immediately issued a warrant for Last's arrest, ordering the sheriff to hold him to bail in the sum of \$1,500. The defendant, in answer to the warrant, swears that he is not acquainted with the appearance of Canada thistle seed, and denies the charge in toto. He says that he has brought forward witnesses through motives of malice, the plaintiff having already attempted to force him to throw up his lease by process of law. He further avers that Schaefer's affidavit was inspired by motives of revenge, the defendant having discharged him upon suspicion of having stolen fifty dollars, and of making improper advances to his wife. He also denies that he intended to vacate the premises at the close of the season, as stated by Schaefer.

It is very curious that men never know they have grey hairs. The discovery is always made for them by other people.

Col. Fitzpatrick killed his wife the other day in South Carolina, and attended her funeral two days afterward.

The leading *claqueur* in Paris, M. Deizaine, is worth 500,000 thousand francs.

CITY ITEMS.

SHELL SHELL SHELL
OYSTERS. OYSTERS. OYSTERS.
At C. C. Buefer's Restaurant and Hotel, between Main and Market, on Fifth street, Fresh Frog Legs, Shell Oysters, Young Prairie Grouse, Woodcock, Snipes, Blue-wing Ducks, &c., &c., &c.
C. C. BUEFER, Proprietor.
au20 121

A General Assortment
Of glass fruit jars, jelly glasses, jars, &c., at the warehouse of the Louisville Glass Works, Sixth street, between Main and Market.
au18 8

Hastings & Lewis are the FIRST in THE MARKET with full style silk hats, of their own manufacture. THEY ARE BEAUTIFUL.
au18 8

Many years ago the writer of this notice and an invalid physician, while visiting the island of St. Croix for their health, experienced and witnessed many surprising and beneficial effects of the rum there produced upon many of the invalids who were, like ourselves, seeking health, and upon inquiry and investigation, obtained a full history of its medicinal virtues. He was delighted and surprised, and determined to make it the basis of a tonic and restorative medicine. The result of his labors was a glorious success for himself and suffering humanity. The celebrated PLAXTON'S BITTERS were thus made known to the world. Being an article of real merit, founded on new principles, and relying wholly upon the vegetable kingdom for its medicinal effects, it worked a rapid recovery in the treatment of physical debility.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price.
au18 8

Venable's Neuralgic Powders.
Knock neuralgic complaints into pl. Try them. J. W. Seaton & Co., agents, at the corner of Fourth and Jefferson streets.
Jy30 FrkMolm

An Old Lady Says
Venable's Neuralgic Powders are infallible. Only one trial necessary. J. W. Seaton & Co., agents, corner Fourth and Jefferson streets.
Jy30 FrkMolm

What is Said of Walker's Tonic Bitters by those who know their Worth.
We have seen the formula and know what the solid ingredients of Walker's Tonic Bitters are, and we have no hesitation in saying that they are wholesome and well selected and of the best quality.

We believe that, when combined with the fine Bourbon selected by Mr. Walker, the result is a tonic unsurpassed by any in the country.

HENRY CHAMBERS & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists and Chemists, Main street, between Sixth and Seventh, Louisville, Ky.
au17 3m

Call and examine NEW STYLES at Hastings & Lewis'.
au10 1m

The Mason Glass
Fruit jars have stood the test for ten years, and have given entire satisfaction. For sale at the warehouse of the Louisville Glass Works, Sixth street, between Main and Market.
au18 8

Go to Hastings & Lewis' 100 Main street, for NEW GOODS.
au10 1m

Royal purple velvet finish hat at \$4.50.
au10 1m HASTINGS & LEWIS.

Pretty Women.
A comparatively few ladies monopolize the beauty as well as the attention of society. This ought not to be so, but it is, and will be while men are foolish and single out pretty faces for companions.

This can all be changed by using Hagan's Magnolia Balm, which gives the bloom of youth and a refined, sparkling beauty to the complexion, pleasing, powerful and natural. No lady need complain of a red, tanned, freckled or rustic complexion who will invest seventy-five cents in Hagan's Magnolia Balm. Its effects are truly wonderful.

To preserve and dress the hair, use Lyon's Kathaloon.
au10 8m

No trouble to show goods at
au10 1m HASTINGS & LEWIS.

A Peck of Cockroaches
Can be killed by a single flask of Lyon's Insect Powder. Nothing else kills insects. This is their natural enemy. See that you get the genuine. It has E. Lyon's signature on the package. All others are imitations. Depot 21 Park Row, New York.
Jy30 5m

Copper-Plate Printing and Engraving.
WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS, MONOGRAMS, &c., engraved to order. INITIALS, STAMPS, &c. Visiting Cards printed from plates. A large assortment of the best French and American note paper always on hand at
JEFFERSON STREET, bet. Third and Fourth.
au20 8m

Removal.
SOUTHERN DEPARTMENT GLOBE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of New York, Office removed to No. 120 Main street, between Third and Fourth, up stairs, over Kitz & Werns.
Jy31 1m General Agent for Kentucky.

Krug & Co. Champagne Wine
WE are the sole Agents in Kentucky for the sale of this fine Wine, and sell at Importers' prices.
W. H. WALKER & CO.,
23 Main street, bet. First and Second, Louisville, Ky.
au13 3m

Wines and Brandy.
5 1/2 cases Port;
7 1/2 cases Sherry;
12 cases Cognac Brandy;
100 cases Imported Table Claret;
In store and for sale by
W. H. WALKER & CO.,
23 Main street, bet. First and Second, Louisville, Ky.
au13 3m

C. COGGESHALL,
Jefferson street, bet. Fourth and Fifth, LOUISVILLE, KY.
Special attention is called to my

Felt Roofing,
Which is fire proof, and more durable than any other material for roofs of buildings, and takes the place of shingles. All persons having tin, iron or metal roofs, will find it to their advantage to use Coggeshall's Elastic Roofing Paint.

Steamboat and Railroad men are solicited to examine my Canvas Boots. All kinds of Roofing materials for sale.
my8 3m

CORNS! BUNIONS! WARTS!!!
INVENTED Tonic Nails and Frosted and Tender Feet radically cured by
DR. H. M. HIRSCHFELD,
Graduated Surgeon Chiropodist,
Office, 176 Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth.
my31 1m

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A Life-Saving Reformation.
A radical change has been introduced in the practice of medicine. Physicians have ceased to put their patients under the influence of opium, and instead of pulling down, they build up. Instead of assaulting nature, they assist it. Curing, teaching, inspiring, veneering, calmer, antimony, stupefying narcotics and rasping purgatives, once the favorite resources of the faculty, are now rarely resorted to even by the most dogmatic members of the profession. The old error was that disease was something which must be expelled by violent artificial means, irrespective of the wear and tear of the vital organization in the process. The new creed recognizes the improvement of the general health as essential to the cure of all local ailments. Hence it is that HOPKINSON'S STOMACH BITTERS, the most potent vegetable tonic that pharmacy has ever brought to the assistance of nature in her struggles with disease, has been cordially approved by practitioners of the modern school. It is pleasant to reflect that reason and philosophy have at last been victorious over the errors of the past, and that thousands, and tens of thousands, of human beings directed by the wisdom of the age, would indubitably be moldering in their graves had they been subjected to the pains and penalties which were deemed orthodox and indispensable thirty or forty years ago.

Preventive medicine was scarcely thought of then, but now it is considered of paramount importance, and the celebrity of the STANDARD INVIGORANT, ALTERNATIVE, AND RESTORATIVE of the age, a title which HOPKINSON'S BITTERS have fairly earned by their long career of success, is mainly due to its efficiency as a prophylactic PARAGRAPH.

A course of the BITTERS is urgently recommended at this season of the year, as a safe and certain antidote to the malarial fever which produces intermittent and remittent fevers, diarrhoea, dysentery and other maladies.
au14 6t

MANHOOD
And the Vigor of Youth restored in four weeks. Success guaranteed. Dr. HIGDON'S ESSENCE OF LIFE restores manly powers, from whatever cause arising; the effects of early pernicious habits, self-abuse, impotency and climate, give way at once to this wonderful medicine. If taken regularly according to the directions (which are very simple and require no restraint from business or pleasure). Failure is impossible. Sold in bottles of \$1.00, four quantities in one for \$3.00. To be had only of the sole appointed agent in America, H. J. GERITZEN, 26 Second Ave., N. Y. my2 1y

Philosophy of Marriage.
A New Course of Lectures, as delivered at the New York Museum of Anatomy, embracing the subjects: How to Live and What to Live for; Youth, Maturity and Old Age; Manhood Generally Reviewed; The Cause of Indigestion; Flatulence and Nervous Diseases accounted for; Marriage Philosophically Considered, &c. These lectures will be forwarded on receipt of four stamps by addressing Secretary Museum of Anatomy, 71 West Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md. au19 1y

BACHELOR'S HAIR DYE.
This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful, BLACK or BROWN. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers, and properly applied at Bachelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street. my2 1y

Self-Help for the Erring.
Words of Cheer for Young Men, who have fallen victims to the SOCIAL EVILS, desire a better MANHOOD. Sent in sealed letter, from the Editor of the "YOUTHFUL REFORMER," 407 N. 3rd ST., PHILADELPHIA, Pa. my2 3m

SAMARITAN'S GIFT.
The only cure for diseases arising from indigestion. Balsam Capillaire and Mercury discarded. Only ten pills to effect a cure. Purely vegetable. Cures in from two to four days, thus avoiding exposure and trouble. Male packages 5c; Female 3c.
Samaritan's Root and Herb Juice.
The only permanent cure for Scrofula, Ulcers, Sores, Tetters, and Mercurial Diseases. 1c 25 per bottle. Sold by RAYMOND & CO., and OWEN & SUTTON, DESMOND & CO., Proprietors.
au10 1m

I. O. O. F.
THE Committee appointed by the several Lodges and Encampments of Odd-Fellows in this city to take into consideration the practicability of holding a series of entertainments for the aid of the Widows' Home and Orphan's College, will meet at Central Hall on next SATURDAY EVENING, the 21st inst., at 8 o'clock.
Chmn. Com. of Azur Lodge, No. 35, I. O. O. F.
au10 3m

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Standard Fire Insurance Co., of New York, on 1st day of July, 1909.
Amount of its capital stock, which is all paid up in cash, \$200,000 00
Cash surplus on 1st of July, 1909, \$17,013 22
Total liabilities on 1st July, 1909, \$217,013 22
A detailed statement of the foregoing is on file in the Auditor's office, Frankfort, also in the Jefferson County Court Clerk's office.
JOHN BAIRDER, Agent.
au17 12t No. 2 Merchants' Bank Building.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Insurance and Savings Co., of Virginia, at Richmond, on the 1st day of July, 1909.
Amount of capital stock paid up in cash, \$200,000 00
Cash surplus July 1st, 1909, \$20,814 67
Total liabilities July 1st, 1909, \$218,814 67
A detailed statement of the foregoing is on file in the Auditor's office, Frankfort, also in the Jefferson County Court Clerk's office.
JOHN BAIRDER, Agent.
au17 12t No. 2 Merchants' Bank Building.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Aetna Insurance Company, of New York, on 1st day of July, 1909.
Amount of its capital stock, which is all paid up in cash, \$200,000 00
Cash surplus July 1st, 1909, \$20,814 67
Total liabilities July 1st, 1909, \$218,814 67
A detailed statement of the foregoing is on file in the Auditor's office, Frankfort, also in the Jefferson County Court Clerk's office.
JOHN BAIRDER, Agent.
au17 12t No. 2 Merchants' Bank Building.

Kentucky Whiskies.
600 BBL'S Bourbon County, from 18 months to 4 years old, 75 cents a gallon (Hardin County), 7 months old, 70 cents a gallon, 700 BBL'S Nelson, Anderson and Mercer, 4 years old.
For sale by W. H. WALKER & CO.,
23 Main street, bet. First and Second, Louisville, Ky.
au13 3m

PURE COPPER WHISKY.
No steam used in the process of distillation. Nothing but the best material used, and great care taken to make this the purest.

Best Whisky
In the State. Parties desiring to visit the distillery can do so by applying at my office, No. 44 Fourth street.
T. H. SHERLEY.
Jy22

S. T. SUIT & CO.,
DEALERS EXCLUSIVELY IN
PURE KENTUCKY BOURBONS
LOUISVILLE, KY.
my12 1m

PETER, POWERS & COOPER,
(Successors to Wilson, Peter & Co.)
Wholesale Druggists,
272 Main Street, Louisville, Ky.
Jy1 1t

Thousands of Children Die Annually for the Want of a Reliable Worm Destroyer.

WINTERSMITH'S WORM CANDY.
—OR—
Santonin Lozenges,
Can be depended on as a Certain Remedy, Pleasant to the Taste, and Children are Fond of Them.

For Sale by all Druggists.
PETER, POWERS & COOPER
(Successors to Wilson, Peter & Co.)
Wholesale Druggists,
272 Main Street, Louisville, Ky.
Jy1 1t

WINTERSMITH'S WORM CANDY.

WORM CANDY
—OR—
SANTONIN LOZENGES!
—THE—
Most Reliable Vermifuge EVER OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

Compounded of Purely Vegetable Ingredients.
ENTIRELY HARMLESS.
Safe for Children of any Age.

NEVER FAILS TO EFFECTUALLY DESTROY WORMS.

Since the discovery of Santonin, the tasteful, active principle of the European Wormseed (Semen Contra) its consumption has wonderfully increased. The seed in substance has been long and favorably known as a vermifuge, but its unpleasant taste and odor, and the bulk of the dose, have interfered with its use in this country. At this time the Santonin, on account of its being tasteless, and a reliable vermifuge, is fast displacing all other remedies for worms.

Almost all of the popular worm nostrums of the day depend for their efficacy upon the Santonin which they contain; but in these it is found in varying proportions and of uncertain purity; and very often again in combination with other elements unknown to the physicians, and often hazardous to their nature.

My purpose is to present to the medical profession this valuable medicine in a simple, reliable and agreeable form, in determined quantities and of uniform composition. To accomplish this, I have prepared these lozenges with great care, of Santonin of tested purity, very carefully distributed throughout the mass from which the Lozenges are formed.

The materials have been so compounded that the Lozenges will stand unaltered by time or climate. The boxes are also impervious to moisture from the atmosphere.

To give the Santonin time for full effect upon the worms, the addition of any purgative medicine to the Lozenges has been avoided. It may, therefore, be proper, two or three hours after the administration of the second dose, to use some simple purgative for the purpose only of discharging the worms.

These Lozenges contain only pure Sugar and pure Santonin. The only merit I claim is the ascertained purity of the ingredients, and its thorough and careful distribution, so that each Lozenge contains its exact portion of Santonin; the dose sufficiently indicating the quantity.

C. H. WINTERSMITH.

Thousands of Children Die Annually for the Want of a Reliable Worm Destroyer.

WINTERSMITH'S WORM CANDY.
—OR—
Santonin Lozenges,
Can be depended on as a Certain Remedy, Pleasant to the Taste, and Children are Fond of Them.

For Sale by all Druggists.
PETER, POWERS & COOPER
(Successors to Wilson, Peter & Co.)
Wholesale Druggists,
272 Main Street, Louisville, Ky.
Jy1 1t

AMUSEMENTS.

Woodland Garden
EVERY SUNDAY.
The day will be duly celebrated in this room and pleasant Garden by a Sacred Concert both in the afternoon and evening.
Great Western Star Band
Will execute some of their best pieces, under the leadership of that excellent Musical Director, CHAS. HAUPF.
Monday Evening's Concert will close with a GRAND BALL.
au20 8m

LIEDERKRANZ CONCERT
At the Woodland Garden.
ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, August 25, 1898. Tickets to be had at D. P. Faudt's music store and H. Knoefel's, and Baker & Helmick's book stores, Tickle's drug store, free. Concert to commence precisely at 8 o'clock P. M.
au20 6t

Weisiger Hall.
Thursday and Friday Evenings, August 19 and 20. Also, Grand Matinee Saturday Afternoon, August 21.
GRAND MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT
AND PERSONATION CONCERT, embracing Classical, Ballad and Comic Songs in Solo, Duets and Trios, by the accomplished and highly talented Vocalists from Charleston, S. C., the
QUEEN SISTERS:
Miss LAURENCE, Mezzo Soprano,
Miss FANNY, Contralto,
Miss JULIA, Soprano,
Miss EMILY, Pianist.
Reserved seats 75 cents; Admission 50 cents; Family Circle 35 cents; Matinee 30 cents; Children and Servants 25 cents.
Reserved seats at Will. S. Hays', No. 110 Fourth street.
au19 3t

DENTISTRY.
J. F. CANINE, DENTIST,
And Manufacturer of Porcelain Teeth, No. 170 FIFTH street, between Green and Walnut, west side, Louisville, Ky. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of the Nitrous Oxide Gas.
Jy1 1t

REMOVAL.
DR. W. H. SHADON, Dentist, has removed to 29 Jefferson street, between Seventh and Eighth, north side, Louisville, Ky.
no8 1t

LAW CARDS.
THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, R. T. DUBRETT, **BRAMLETTE & DUBRETT,**
Attorneys & Counsellors at Law, Office at 90 1/2 east side Fifth street, between Market and Main streets, LOUISVILLE, KY.
WILL practice in all the Courts, both State and Federal, in the city, and give special attention to cases in the Court of Appeals.
my28 3m

JNO. W. BECKLEY, Attorney at Law,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
OFFICE—No. 6 Court Place. au20 1t

PERRIN'S NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING Agency.
OFFICE IN
COURIER-JOURNAL BUILDING,
No. 112 West Jefferson Street, LOUISVILLE, KY.
ADVERTISEMENTS taken for all leading Kentucky & Southern Papers at Publishers' LOWEST CASH RATES.
Papers kept on file.
As to promptness and reliability refers to the publishers of city papers and business men generally. Address HENRY PERRIN.
Jy2 1t

SOMETHING NEW.
E. F. Liqueur Dealer and Importer, I will send them a recipe for making first-class liquor, such as best Cognac Brandy, Peach Brandy, Jamaica Rum, Santa Cruz Rum, Holland Gin or any Rum. Either of the above are worth more than dollars to any liquor dealer. Or I will send the above six recipes for \$10.00, upon receipt of money. The recipes made after these recipes simulate the genuine most wonderfully, and are calculated to deceive even expert tasters. The ingredients in the above can be obtained from nearly any drug store. This is to humbug, and is not a time to invest your money. Business strictly confidential. Give your full name, with post-office, county and State, and will receive prompt attention.
Address A. W. DELMETREZ, Louisville, Ky.
au10 1t

JAMES R. GOLLADAY'S Twenty-sixth GIFT ENTERPRISE.
BOWLINGGREEN, Ky., Aug. 23, '69
15,000 Tickets and Every One a Prize—No Blanks.
Tickets can be had at W. Scott Glore's Book Store, Louisville, and at my Book Store in Bowlinggreen; or by mail, including \$1 for a Single Ticket, or six Tickets for \$5.

New and Splendid List of Premiums
A frame house containing six rooms, with hall, front and side porch, good cellar, &c., lot 60 feet by 150 feet deep, located in Bowlinggreen, on Green street, two squares from Main, in good repair, with clear title, valued at... \$3,500
Horse, buggy and harness... 500
Fine Gabriel rosewood piano, 7-octave... 500
Quartette acre lot, situated in Bowlinggreen... 400
One-acre lot, near the corporation and Fair Ground in Bowlinggreen... 150
A fine set of chamber furniture... 150
A splendid mirror, 3x4 feet... 150
Silver's combined reaper and mow... 150
A lady's diamond watch... 150
A lady's gold watch and chain... 150
Ten prizes, each \$20 in greenbacks... 200
Fine suit of clothes, made to order, including hat and comb... 100
Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine... 100
Thirty-six yards all wool 2-ply carpet... 50
Fine top silk dress... 50
Suit of clothes, made to order... 50
Fine silver watch and chain... 50
Music box, playing eight tunes... 50
Set of Waverly novels, 30 vols... 50
A splendid Martin guitar... 50
One hundred tickets in next drawing... 50
Fifty prizes, each \$2.50 in gold... 125
Silk dress... 50
Suit of clothes, made to order... 50
Extra fine violin and case... 50
Guitar... 50
Silver-plated tea set... 50
Fine marble-top bureau... 50
Rep. silk... 50
Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine... 75
Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine... 75
And a number of other prizes, consisting of watches, jewelry, dry goods, musical instruments, books, violins, &c., etc., valued from \$5 to \$50.
J. R. GOLLADAY, au20 6m Dealer in Books, Pianos, &c.

STAIR RODS,
DROPPED FLOOR, and Porcelain, That require no Glazing.
DROP FLOOR, WHICH HAS NO SPRINGS. The Set-Up is only \$2.50 per pair.
It can be applied to any Stair Rod, either round or flat, and prevents its slipping from its place.
Ask for the Patent Drop Floor.
Carpet Dealers, and BUY NO OTHER.
FRANK AND SONS
For Hotels, Restaurants and Public Buildings, MANUFACTURED BY
W. T. & J. MERSEAU, 62 Duane St., N.Y.
au13 3m

DICK MOORE & SON,
No. 141 West Green Street,
HAVE the exclusive privilege of Posting and on Distributing Bills on the Twelfth, Broadway and Sixth street; also, Twelfth, Jefferson and Second street; Preston to Lion Garden; Portland avenue and Main through Dutchman's.

Kentucky Pneumatic Gas Co.
This Company is organized for the purpose of introducing Pneumatic Gas into Private Residences, Public and Private Institutions.
Both in this city and throughout the interior of the State, all orders for the work are of inquiry will be promptly attended to by addressing the Company, Office No. 204 Main st., Louisville, Ky. au18 1t

WANTED

THE BYRON SCANDAL.

A Friendly Review of the Poet's Domestic Infidelities.

EDINBURGH VERSUS BOSTON.

(From Blackwood's Magazine for July.)

In these hundred and ninety-nine cases out of a thousand people may meet, control, and meet again and hang themselves or not as they please, and the whole world at large not care at all about the matter.

But Lord Byron's was an exceptional case. It is not too much to say that, had his marriage been a happy one, the course of events of the present century might have been materially changed; that the genius which poured itself forth in "Don Juan" and "Cain" might have flowed in far different channels; that the ardent love of freedom which sent him to perish at six-and-twenty, might have inspired a longer career at home; and that we might at this moment have been appealing to the counsel of his experience and wisdom as an age not exceeding that which was maintained by Wellington, Lyndhurst, and Brougham.

More than half a century has elapsed, the actors have departed from the stage, the curtain has fallen, and whether it will ever again be raised so as to reveal the real facts of the drama may, as we have already observed, be well doubted. But the time has arrived when we may fairly gather up the fragments of evidence, clear them as far as possible from the incrustations of passion, prejudice, and malice, and place them in such order, as, if possible, to enable us to arrive at some probable conjecture as to what the skeleton of the drama originally was.

MARRIAGE.

The marriage was solemnized on the 2nd of January, 1815, and the "happy pair," as the newspapers have it, went off to Italy, a house belonging to Sir Ralph Milbank, from whence Lord Byron wrote to Moore, announcing his marriage.

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"Address your next to Seaham, Stockton-on-Tees, where we are going on Saturday (a fore, by the way) to see father-in-law Sir Jacob, and my lady's mother."

To Seaham, accordingly, Lord and Lady Byron went, and from thence, on the 24th of February, he wrote to Moore:

"Since I wrote last I have been transferred to my father-in-law's, with my lady and my child, and, as you know, I am a perfect, preface the classic mysteries of Hygeia—down the word, I had nearly spelt it with a small h. I like hell, and as well as you (or did, you villain) fancy, and that is (or was) saying a great deal."

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LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

FOREIGN.

Mrs. Stowe's Byron Story De-nounced as Slander.

The Carlist Rebellion in Spain Spreading.

Attempt to Assassinate the Shah of Persia.

A Destructive Storm in Belgium.

ENGLAND.

THE BYRON SENSATION.

LONDON, August 18.—The Times, in an editorial to-day, in which the separation of Lord Byron and his wife is detailed, asserts that Mrs. Stowe's narrative is entirely without foundation and a base slander.

The Times, on the international boat race, says the Harvards show the signs of hard work, as the time made last night was not so good as formerly, and the men seemed more fatigued than on any other occasion.

The Harvards practiced to-day in the new boat built by Jewell. She measures forty-two feet six inches long and twenty inches across at the widest part. The Ozone went over the course to-day, taking from thirty-nine to forty-one strokes per minute.

The Harvards rowed over the course at speed. They made a good start, but a flanking wind impeded their progress until they reached Hammersmith bridge. After that they had a fair wind and smooth water, and rowed well to the end. The Oxford, in going over the same course previously, had made faster time, but they had a fair wind and the tide was more in their favor. Two to one is offered on the Oxford, with no takers.

SPAIN.

CARLISTS CAPTURED AND DISPERSED.

MADRID, August 19.—Fifty-nine Carlists have been brought prisoners into Valencia. Several Carlist bands have been dispersed by troops within the past two days.

CARLIST SUCCESS.

PARIS, August 19.—The Paris to-day asserts that the parties of Carlists in Spanish are increasing, and that in some cases they are increasing in numbers. It is claimed that they have captured nine officers and forty private of the Spanish army. The Paris hints that within a month a great military event, of which it gives no particulars, will happen in Spain, after which Don Carlos will publish a manifesto.

BELEAGUE.

BRUGES, Aug. 19.—A great storm passed over this city and surrounding country to-day, doing much damage to crops, especially to fruits. The church of St. Andrew was struck by lightning and destroyed.

PERSIA.

ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE THE SHAH.

DISPATCHES from Tehran state that a band of assassins, consisting of thirty men, were arrested, charged with conspiracy to assassinate the Shah of Persia. It is said that many eminent persons are implicated in the conspiracy.

A FITTED BATTLE.

The Persian troops have captured Garret and defeated the Turcomans in a pitched battle.

AUSTRIA.

VON BEUST REPLIES TO THE PRUSSIAN NOTE.

VIENNA, August 19.—Baron von Beust has replied to the recent note of Herr von Tiele, the Prussian minister, regarding the Austro-Hungarian note of the 15th inst. He asserts that he thought a verbal explanation sufficient to remove any misunderstanding between the two governments, and he desired to avoid useless correspondence. The Prussian minister insists that what he said in his letter was of a private character. Transactions of a parliamentary committee are not within the province of a minister's correspondence. He declines to enter into a discussion of what was said there, but will not withhold his opinion on questions caused by inaccurate newspaper statements.

Referring to the interpretation by the Vienna Cabinet of the military treaties between Prussia and the South German states, he says that as a conciliatory disposition, he has sent the Austrian minister at Berlin in March, 1897, nothing was said as to whether the treaty of commerce between Prussia and the South German states was to be interpreted as a treaty of alliance, or as a treaty of friendship. He says that he is not prepared to decide whether the clause relating to international independence of the Southern States was omitted as a matter of no importance, or because it was not considered that it should have been otherwise worded.

Baron von Beust does not admit that he should have been more explicit in his reply. He is willing, in order to soften and remove any existing unpleasantness, to withdraw the entire correspondence, and to make a new endeavor made on either side during the past year, which has possibly been misunderstood. The circumstance that there had been no intercourse between Count von Wimpfen and the Austrian ambassador at Berlin, and Count von Bismarck, for some time, is alluded to. A dispatch explains that this was owing to the absence of both from Berlin, the former from the Spring of 1898 until the close of the year. The Premier concludes by declaring that the reproach that Austria intended to prolong the attitude of reserve, cannot be laid to the disposal of that referring to the uninterrupted intercourse between himself and Baron von Werther, Prussian minister at Vienna.

THE LUZ CANAL.

VIENNA, August 19.—It is reported that no sovereign will be present at the inauguration of the Luz Canal.

FRANCE.

ARRIVAL OF DISTINGUISHED AMERICANS.

PARIS, August 19.—General Banks and Senators Ramsey and Fenton have arrived in this city.

OWENSBORO.

Counterfeit Money Dealers Arrested—Capture of a Forger and Robber—Illicit Distilling.

OWENSBORO, August 19.—General Ed. Murray, United States Marshal for Kentucky, has been here about three weeks corresponding with Richardson & Cox, 303 Owensboro, regarding counterfeit money. They had for sale, in Owensboro, a station in Nelson county, Ky., which he seized in the hands of an express agent here. He arrested H. B. Wilson and W. H. Kendall, who proved to be Robert Smith was lodged in jail last night, charged with forgery and robbery near Louisville, Ky.

Gen. Murray arrested to-day a man named Gill for illicit distilling in the country.

RAILROADS.

Atlantic and Great Western Receiver-ship.

BUFFALO, August 19.—Yesterday, in the Supreme Court, the suit of Samuel Marsh as trustee against the Atlantic and Great Western railroad and receiver was decided. Some of the questions involved were of importance, and the case was argued for the purpose of removing the receiver from the station in Nelson county, Ky., which he seized in the hands of an express agent here. He arrested H. B. Wilson and W. H. Kendall, who proved to be Robert Smith was lodged in jail last night, charged with forgery and robbery near Louisville, Ky.

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DAILY EXPRESS.

ADVERTISING RATES.

THE LOUISVILLE EXPRESS.

Advertisements in this paper are charged at the following rates:—
 First insertion, 10 cents per line for one week.
 Second insertion, 7 cents per line for one week.
 Third insertion, 5 cents per line for one week.
 Fourth insertion, 4 cents per line for one week.
 Fifth insertion, 3 cents per line for one week.
 Sixth insertion, 2 cents per line for one week.
 Seventh insertion, 1 cent per line for one week.
 Eighth insertion, 1 cent per line for one week.
 Ninth insertion, 1 cent per line for one week.
 Tenth insertion, 1 cent per line for one week.
 Eleventh insertion, 1 cent per line for one week.
 Twelfth insertion, 1 cent per line for one week.
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LOUISVILLE.
 FRIDAY, AUGUST 20, 1869.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

NEW YORK.

Arrest of a Supposed Counterfeiter.

Is not the Man and Is Released.

The Mrs. Nickerson Poisoning Case.

Mr. Nickerson Exonerated from the Charge.

The Disappearance of Chancellor Lansing Forty Years Ago.

The Whole Matter About to be Brought to Light.

Some very Strange Revelations Expected.

An Attempt to Poison a Family.

The Slaughterhouse Nuisance.

New York, August 20.

The President arrived here yesterday afternoon, shortly before four o'clock, on his return from a trip through the coal fields of Pennsylvania. The President and family took a carriage for the Newport boat, which left at six o'clock.

An emigrant who conceals his name, was arrested on his arrival here recently, on suspicion of being the party charged in England with counterfeiting. He was kept moving about from station to station, to prevent his release on a writ of habeas corpus, when it turned out that he was not the man.

An inquest on the body of Mrs. Nickerson, at Haverstraw, Rockland county, on Wednesday, the jury rendered a verdict exonerating Mr. Nickerson from the charge of having poisoned her, and declaring the complaint was brought by Dr. John Hengler through malice.

The Times says every incident connected with the disappearance of Chancellor Lansing forty years ago, is well known to a gentleman now living. The secret was confided to him by a distinguished citizen of this State, now deceased. The survivor was enjoined to publish all the circumstances when certain persons specified were dead. This condition has been fulfilled, and it is probable a narrative calculated to startle the public will yet be given to the world. There will then be no longer room for a single doubt in reference to Chancellor Lansing's fate. It will be authenticated, and will form one of the most remarkable pages in the history of the public mind of this country.

An office boy in the employ of W. H. Whitney, 64 Bedford avenue, Brooklyn, was arrested yesterday for attempting to poison the family of his employer, by putting opium in their coffee.

CHICAGO, August 20.

Chancellor Zebinski has rendered an opinion on the abductor injunction lately issued by him to the effect that he did not resign the proprietorship of the abductor from slaughtering cattle, if the work can be done without creating a nuisance, otherwise they will be compelled to cease operations immediately.

The estate of Mr. Knapp, the Pittsburg gun manufacturer, fronting on the Passaic, in Kansas, was sold yesterday, was recently disposed of for \$180,000, New Yorkers being the purchasers.

BUFFALO, August 19.

Officer Sterle, of Rochester, was here to-day looking for parties said to have perpetrated a stupendous patent right swindle. The farmers on the line of the frontier and a few in the interior counties are said to have been swindled out of \$250,000. A warrant was issued and search made for a broker in this city who is said to be accessory to the swindle, and has negotiated with forged notes to a large amount.

OHIO.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

Murder in Pendleton County.

CINCINNATI, August 20.

E. Mansfield will probably be nominated for State Senator by the Republican convention for Warren and Butler counties, which meets to-morrow.

R. M. Stinson, editor of the Marietta Register, was nominated to-day by the Republicans for State Senator from the fourth district and Peter Odlin for the same from the third district.

Timothy Collins was stabbed in Pendleton Wednesday night, and died last night from the wounds. Wm. Batley, who did the stabbing, has been arrested.

On Wednesday last the wife of Rev. Francis Lobdell, late rector of the Advent Church, died suddenly. The rector had just resigned on account of her health, and accepted a call to St. Paul's, New Haven, Conn.

The first bale of new cotton was received by a commission merchant yesterday. It was grown near Natchez, Miss., and will be sold on "Change-to-day."

The Turf.

Springfield, Mass., August 19.

The entries to the club races next week are filling with the best horses on the turf. Myron, Perry, Hotspur, Jessie, Wales, Henry Licenz, and others equally noted will be present. Horses are arriving every day and fine sport is anticipated.

THE TURF.

Trot Over the Buckeye Course Ruled Out—Attempted Disturbance.

CINCINNATI, August 19.—At the trotting race at the Buckeye Course to-day, between the "Green and Dolly," the race was ruled out by the judges, and pools returned, on account of a foul by the driver of the "Green and Dolly." A disposition to raise a disturbance was manifested by those who had bet the thing up, but the police met the disturbers of the ground. The decision meets general approbation.

Found Drowned.

BALTIMORE, August 19.

G. B. Patterson, supposed to have been engaged in the paymaster's department at Washington, was found drowned here.

TRICHINA.

Appearance of the Bred Parasite in Chicago—Several Families Taken Sick and In Danger.

From the Chicago Tribune.

There is little doubt that that terrible little parasite, the trichina, has finally made its way to Chicago, and, unless extreme caution is observed, will become as great a terror here as it was to the people of Germany, some three or four years ago.

The cases that have appeared, so far, can be traced to a single source, and it is possible that no further danger exists, or need be apprehended, but the mere fact that the creature is here at all is enough to excite the worst apprehensions. The following are the particulars relating to the cases thus far observed.

On last Saturday Dr. Hesser was called to treat the wife of a German named Sachser, employed at the Illinois Central Car Works, residing at No. 168 Arnold street. The woman complained of being "sick all over." She said that her head ached, that her bones seemed ready to fall apart, and that each one seemed to possess its own individual pain. While the Doctor was listening to her story, he observed that every member of her family, consisting of a husband and nine children, looked sick, and that the father and four of the children seemed unusually indisposed. Upon inquiry, he found that the youngest, but two years of age, had been ailing for two weeks from some unknown cause, and that the husband, a girl of fifteen, and two boys, aged thirteen and fourteen, had all complained of being indisposed for some days. They were all suffering from a complaint of pains in the abdomen, their limbs had become stiff, while the muscles of the face, and those of the eyes had been considerably swollen. They also complained of headache, pains in the chest, and experienced difficulty in breathing. At first the doctor believed the symptoms to have been caused by poison, and he accordingly questioned his patients regarding their food. He learned that all had partaken of some raw ham, and the cause was soon made clear to him. The symptoms were those of trichina, and he began to treat them accordingly. Before the medicine could take effect, however, the parents became much worse, and the father, who on Saturday was yet tolerably well, on Monday was fairly prostrated with the disease. Yesterday several of the patients were yet in considerable danger.

The ham, which was but part of a whole one, had been procured from Mrs. Haller, residing at No. 136 Arnold street, and upon inquiry it was discovered that she was also suffering from the same cause, and was under the treatment of Dr. Merkle, of No. 377 State street. Her symptoms appeared less aggravated, however, owing to the fact that she had cooked her meat before eating it, while the others had partaken of it in its raw state. The physicians then held a consultation, and both agreed as to the cause—trichina. Unfortunately no part of the ham, except a little of the rind, is left for examination, and that does not suffice for the purpose. The physicians have endeavored to prevail upon some of their patients to allow them to possess themselves of a small portion of the muscles of the arm, but with this tender request none of them have been willing to comply.

The Board of Health has been placed in possession of the facts here narrated, and a thorough investigation is now being proceeded with under the auspices of that body. When completed, the detailed facts will be given to the public.

A BOY MURDERS HIS PLAYMATE.

Affecting Death-bed Scene.

From the Gilroy (California) Advocate.

On Thursday last, Albert Cochran, a boy 11 years of age, shot and killed Samuel Henry Harris, aged 13 years, under the following circumstances: The parents of the two boys live in a Gilroy, in adjoining houses. The boys and other children were at Cochran's house, amusing themselves at play, the parents being absent. Albert went into an adjoining room, and was followed by Harry. Albert forbade him going into the room. Harry insisted, Albert told him he did not want him in there. Harry continued to advance, when Albert grabbed a shotgun standing near him, and pointed it at him, cocked it and fired, the charge entering the abdomen from the front. The gun is an extra large one, and a twist barrel, and was loaded with No. 7 shot. At the time the gun was discharged Harry must have been within one or two feet of the muzzle, as his clothes were on fire and badly powder-burnt, and the entire charge, wadding and all, passed into him. The boys ran out of the house, and an elder brother of the wounded boy, hearing the report of the gun and the screams of the boys, ran toward the door and saw Harry, who was standing at the door, leaning against it, with his hand over the wound. Harry cried out, "Oh, my brother, I am dead, I am dead, I am dead." The brother then tenderly conveyed him to his house, and, joining, and summoned physicians immediately. The boy who did the shooting, it appears, fully understood the situation, and ran off to a neighbor's where his mother had been visiting. The physician came, and on examination satisfied him that the wound was mortal. This information was imparted to the almost distracted parents, brothers and sisters. Little Harry lived till half-past 11 o'clock that night, when his immortal soul took its departure from the earthly tenement to meet Him who has said, "Suffer little children to come unto me." It was indeed a trying scene to see the mother at the dying couch of her beloved boy, summoned so suddenly from the endearing presence of parents, brothers, sisters, and friends. The mother was borne up by the Christian fortitude which alone can support the afflicted during such trying ordeals, and, upon her knees beside the sufferer, she poured out a prayer to God for her dying boy that melted the hearts of all her hearers, and caused tears to flow from eyes unused to weeping. Harry summoned all his playmates, and as they stood around his dying bed he called their attention to the horrible fearful wound in his abdomen, presenting a mutilated and bloody huge laceration, and with a hen's voice, which spoke to them in silent yet potent speech, admonishing them of the terrible results of shooting a fellow-being. He then sent for Albert, the boy who fired the fatal shot. Upon entering the room in company with his mother, he was told to kneel and ask Harry's pardon, but before the words could have utterance Harry spoke up and freely forgave him. The deceased was a boy of extraordinary intelligence, and was a favorite both among his associates and the adults of our town.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

Expenditures for Street Improvement Agents.

The Railroad Dissection Postponed—The Marine Hospital—To Morrow \$50,000—Kentucky River Navigation.

The General Council met at 8 o'clock last evening, President Duerson in the chair, in the new board and a full attendance.

A claim of \$2,000 in favor of the water company for water furnished the city during the last year was allowed.

The following expenditures for street improvements were reported by the Street Commissioners: Eastern District—Cleaning and repaving streets; appropriated, \$55,000; expended, \$55,000.

Western District—Cleaning and repaving streets; appropriated, \$55,000; expended, \$55,000.

A resolution providing for repaving and repaving the court-house was adopted.

A petition from the citizens of that locality asking that the powder magazine on Seventh street be removed was read and referred to the committee on grievances.

A committee from the Board of Aldermen appeared in the lower board and requested the withdrawal of a resolution of their board directing a survey of the proposed route of the railroad connection north of Franklin street. After some debate, the withdrawal was granted by a vote of 15 to 7.

A resolution granting lands and gentlemen, citizens of the city of Chicago, for the old cemetery on Jefferson street, between Eleventh and Twelfth, was adopted.

A communication from the President of the Kentucky River Navigation Company, asking a description of the city of \$100,000 for the improvement of the navigation of that river, was offered and the subject made the special order for nine o'clock at the next meeting.

A petition from Mr. Lauer asking that the Council grant him \$150,000 in damages sustained by a mule of his in the consequence of a hole in the gutter at the intersection of Market and Jackson streets. Referred to the committee on grievances.

A resolution appointing a joint committee, with the Mayor and Engineers, shall confer with the Canal Company in reference to the building of a basin between Ninth and Fourteenth streets was made the special order for 10 o'clock at next meeting.

The Council then adjourned.

THE EARLDOM OF WICKLOW.

A Boy Five Years Old Claims It—Exclusion in the House of Lords.

An unusual incident (says the London Daily News) occurred in the House of Lords a few days ago. A little fair-haired, blue-eyed boy, five years old, presented himself at the bar of the House, and claimed to be the Earl of Wicklow.

The Committee of Privileges, were asked to pronounce him Earl of Wicklow, and virtually to decide that he is heir to the extensive estates of that earldom in Ireland. A rival claimant of the vacant peerage contended before the Committee, over which Lord Redesdale presided, that the child was illegitimate and supposititious; that he was not the lawful offspring of the member of the Wicklow family through whom he claims to inherit the title and property, and the unsatisfactory proceedings in the House of Lords arising from the suspicious absence of a most important witness, show that the case is invested with grave difficulties.

It appears to be conceded, that if the child is the lawful son of the late William George Howard, he is entitled to the earldom. The earony of Clonmore was created in 1773 in favor of Ralph Howard, M. P. for Wicklow, who had large estates in the county, and was a close of the family. He died in 1793, and was created Countess of Wicklow in 1793, and at her death in 1807, her son became first Earl of Wicklow. The last possessor of the earldom died without issue, and the present dispute is between collateral heirs.

The story told by the widow of William George Howard at the bar of the House of Lords is a simple enough. She says that early in life she was a governess. In 1802 she married Mr. Howard, who was the nephew of the Arch-bishop of Armagh, at the great exhibition in London, being introduced to him by a mutual friend, Mr. Bordenave. The intimacy commenced led to a marriage in 1803, at Kensington Church. The child was born in 1804. Mrs. Howard states that the event occurred when she was about to go to Ireland to find her husband, in the hope of weaning him from his associates, with whom he appears to have been connected. When about to set out on her journey she was suddenly taken ill, and compelled to return to her lodgings, where a doctor was summoned, but before his arrival the child was born. This evidence is directly confirmed by Miss Rosa Day, the sister of the person who kept the lodgings. She says that the infant was taken from the bed in which Mrs. Howard was lying, and given to her, and that the child was brought up by hand, and was for a long time under her observation.

These witnesses have, however, been subjected to a cross-examination of unusual severity, in the course of which it appears that before she saw her husband she had been acquainted with Bordenave, and that after the marriage she had at one time occupied lodgings in the same house with him during his husband's absence. She denied all familiarity with him before the death of Mr. Howard, but admitted that since that event her "line of conduct" toward Bordenave had been changed, and she had resided in the same house with him for the last two or three years.

The mystery was considerably increased by the discovery that the child produced before the House was born in 1804, and was the fruit of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Howard, and he is the lawful Earl of Wicklow. Of course, the strongest presumption is that a child born in a week is legitimate; and this presumption cannot be rebutted without powerful positive testimony.

Sir John Coleridge, the counsel for the little claimant, adverted to the peculiar difficulties which beset the case. Mrs. Howard was not well born, and she was naturally exposed to the dislike and enmity of a noble family, who must have strongly disapproved of the alliance. Her husband was a selfish profligate, who had for years pursued a vagabond, dissipated career, leaving the wife to a forlorn, friendless life. There were, however, letters extant which showed that the marriage had been at first one of affection, and this view was strongly corroborated by Mr. Howard's employment of detectives to watch Mrs. Howard and collect proofs of her supposed delinquency could not have had her husband's sanction.

While the investigation is thickly beset with

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—AND—

Pareira Brava,

A Certain and Specific

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—FOR—

Calculus Gravel, Non-retention

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Mucous Discharges, Diseases

of the Prostate Gland, In-

flammation of the Bladder,

Gleet, Diabetes,

and all Diseases of

the Urinary Organs,

whether existing

in Male or

Female.

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